



TOROID TURNS *

By Don Callow VK5AIL #75
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Often a circuit for a project specifies a toroid core, the number of turns of enamelled wire and its gauge.

If you want to use a different toroid and need to obtain the same inductance, e.g. for a tuned circuit, what you DO NOT do is to pick a core of different material and use the specified number of turns. The inductance depends greatly on the permeability of the material - so how do you estimate the number of turns?

The accompanying TABLE OF EQUIVALENT TOROID TURNS may help. From it you can work out the number of turns of wire to be wound on your core, for some of the common sizes of toroids.

Example:

Specified - 20 turns on a Neosid 4327R/1/F25 core. How many needed on a Philips 14 x 9 x 5 mm violet coloured substitute?

■ Both cores are of ferrite material; the Philips is catalogue No. 4322-828-97180.

■ From the table, 63 turns on the Philips core are equivalent to 100 on the 4327R/1/F25, size 12.7 x 6.4 x 3.2 mm. So you need -

$$\frac{20}{100} \times 63 = 12.6 \text{ turns.}$$

- As usual, it pays to wind extra turns on the core and later adjust them as necessary by removing the one or more excess turns. And in any case, the table gives only a rough guide.
- So try starting with 14 or 15 turns on the Philips core.

It is quite easy to extend the table for other cores, as long as you know (or can work out) the Inductance Index A_L in uH per 100 turns. If the figure you have is in mH per 1,000 turns, just multiply it by 10 and you have the figure in uH per 100 turns.

The figure in the table is equal to

$$100 \times \sqrt{\frac{A_L \text{ of specified core}}{A_L \text{ of substitute core}}}$$

For details refer to the article TOROID TIMES which appeared in Lo-Key #11, September 1986. It was reprinted in the Club's Travelling Circuit Book No.1 (No longer available - VK5AIL), with the tables in an up-graded format. Table B - MATERIALS is reproduced here.

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* Originally in Lo-Key #15 Sep '87; #46, #82

Note: Past issues of Lo-Key are available from the Club's Bits n Kits service.

TABLE B. MATERIALS

| BRAND | MIX ID | COLOUR CODE if coated | INITIAL PERMEABILITY μ_i | USEFUL FREQUENCY RANGES MHZ | |
|------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| | | | | TUNED CIRCUITS | BROAD-BAND TRANSFORMERS |
| MATERIAL GROUP: IRON POWDER | | | | | |
| AMIDON | 2 | red | 10 | 2 - 10 | 0.5 - 30 |
| " | (E) 6 (SF) | yellow | 8 | 10 - 20 ? 90 | 2 - 50 |
| MATERIAL GROUP: FERRITE | | | | | |
| AMIDON | 43 | (none) | 850 | 0.01 - 1 | 1 - 50 |
| " | 61 | (none) | 125 | 0.2 - 10 | 10 - 200 |
| NEOSID | F14 | red | 220 | ? | 0.1 - 5 |
| " | F25 | (none) | 50 | ? | 1 - 50 |
| PHILIPS FERROX-CUBE | 4C6 | violet | 100 | ? | 0.1 - 50 |

NOTES:

- * Iron powder has much better temperature stability than ferrite and is preferred for tuned circuits.
- * Amidon Associates suggests you use larger sizes of iron powder cores for lower frequencies in the range and smaller sizes for the higher frequencies.
- * High permeability gives high inductance or fewer turns for a given amount of inductance.

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| TABLE OF EQUIVALENT TOROID TURNS | | | SUBSTITUTE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | TOROID | | | | NOTES |
|----------------------------------|------------------|---------|-------------|------------------|-------------------|--------|--------|--------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----|-----|-------|
| | | | IRON POWDER | | | | | | FERRITE | | | | | | | | | | | | 14.0 x 9.0 x 5.0 | 9.0 x 6.0 x 3.0 | | | |
| | | | AMIDON | | | | | | AMIDON | | | | | | NEOSID | | | | | | PHILIPS | | | | |
| | | | T-68-2 | T-50-2 | T-37-2 | T-68-6 | T-50-6 | T-37-6 | FT-50B-43 | FT-50A-43 | FT-50-43 | FT-37-43 | FT-50-61 | FT-37-61 | 43 27R/1/F25 | 43 27R/2/F25 | 43 27R/3/F25 | 43 27R/1/F14 | 43 27R/2/F14 | 43 27R/3/F14 | 4322-020-97180 | 4322-020-97170 | | | |
| SPECIFIED TOROID | IRON POWDER | AMIDON | T-68-2 | 17.5 x 9.4 x 4.8 | 100 | 108 | 119 | 110 | 119 | 138 | < | 10 | 10 | 12 | 29 | 32 | 57 | 40 | 33 | 27 | 19 | 16 | 36 | 48 | |
| | | | T-50-2 | 12.7 x 7.7 x 4.8 | 93 | 100 | 111 | 102 | 111 | 128 | < | < | 10 | 11 | 27 | 30 | 53 | 37 | 30 | 25 | 18 | 15 | 33 | 45 | |
| | | | T-37-2 | 9.5 x 5.2 x 3.3 | 84 | 90 | 100 | 92 | 100 | 115 | < | < | < | 10 | 24 | 27 | 48 | 34 | 28 | 23 | 16 | 13 | 30 | 41 | |
| | | | T-68-6 | 17.5 x 9.4 x 4.8 | 91 | 98 | 108 | 100 | 108 | 125 | < | < | < | 11 | 26 | 29 | 52 | 37 | 30 | 25 | 17 | 14 | 33 | 44 | |
| | | | T-50-6 | 12.7 x 7.7 x 4.8 | 84 | 90 | 100 | 92 | 100 | 115 | < | < | < | 10 | 24 | 27 | 48 | 34 | 28 | 23 | 16 | 13 | 30 | 41 | |
| | | | T-37-6 | 9.5 x 5.2 x 3.3 | 73 | 78 | 87 | 80 | 87 | 100 | < | < | < | < | 21 | 23 | 41 | 29 | 24 | 20 | 14 | 11 | 26 | 35 | |
| | SPECIFIED TOROID | FERRITE | AMIDON | FT-50B-43 | 12.7 x 7.9 x 12.7 | > | > | > | > | > | > | 100 | 141 | 148 | 165 | 409 | 454 | 807 | 571 | 465 | 385 | 272 | 222 | 508 | 685 |
| | | | | FT-50A-43 | 12.7 x 7.9 x 6.4 | > | > | > | > | > | > | 71 | 100 | 104 | 116 | 290 | 321 | 571 | 404 | 329 | 272 | 192 | 157 | 360 | 484 |
| | | | | FT-50-43 | 12.7 x 7.1 x 4.8 | 958 | > | > | > | > | > | 68 | 96 | 100 | 112 | 277 | 308 | 547 | 387 | 315 | 261 | 184 | 150 | 344 | 464 |
| | | | | FT-37-43 | 9.5 x 4.7 x 3.2 | 858 | 926 | > | 945 | > | > | 61 | 86 | 90 | 100 | 249 | 276 | 490 | 346 | 282 | 234 | 165 | 135 | 309 | 416 |
| | | | | FT-50-61 | 12.7 x 7.1 x 4.8 | 345 | 373 | 412 | 380 | 412 | 476 | 24 | 35 | 36 | 40 | 100 | 111 | 197 | 139 | 113 | 94 | 66 | 54 | 124 | 167 |
| | | | | FT-37-61 | 9.5 x 4.7 x 3.2 | 311 | 336 | 372 | 343 | 372 | 429 | 22 | 31 | 33 | 36 | 90 | 100 | 178 | 126 | 102 | 85 | 60 | 49 | 112 | 151 |
| SPECIFIED TOROID | | FERRITE | NEOSID | 4327R/1/F25 | 12.7 x 6.4 x 3.2 | 175 | 189 | 209 | 193 | 209 | 242 | 12 | 18 | 18 | 20 | 51 | 56 | 100 | 71 | 58 | 48 | 34 | 27 | 63 | 85 |
| | | | | 4327R/2/F25 | 12.7 x 6.4 x 6.4 | 248 | 267 | 296 | 273 | 296 | 342 | 18 | 25 | 26 | 29 | 72 | 80 | 141 | 100 | 81 | 67 | 48 | 39 | 89 | 120 |
| | | | | 4327R/3/F25 | 12.7 x 6.4 x 9.5 | 304 | 328 | 363 | 335 | 363 | 420 | 22 | 30 | 32 | 35 | 88 | 98 | 174 | 123 | 100 | 83 | 59 | 48 | 109 | 147 |
| | | | | 4327R/1/F14 | 12.7 x 6.4 x 3.2 | 368 | 396 | 439 | 405 | 439 | 507 | 26 | 37 | 38 | 43 | 106 | 118 | 210 | 148 | 121 | 100 | 71 | 58 | 132 | 178 |
| | | | | 4327R/2/F14 | 12.7 x 6.4 x 6.4 | 520 | 561 | 620 | 572 | 620 | 716 | 37 | 52 | 54 | 61 | 150 | 167 | 297 | 210 | 171 | 141 | 100 | 81 | 187 | 252 |
| | | | | 4327R/3/F14 | 12.7 x 6.4 x 9.5 | 638 | 688 | 762 | 703 | 762 | 879 | 45 | 64 | 67 | 74 | 185 | 205 | 364 | 257 | 210 | 174 | 123 | 100 | 229 | 309 |

The figures in the table are number of turns to be wound on SUBSTITUTE toroid for each 100 turns on SPECIFIED toroid.
 # > means that the figure is equal or greater than 1000 i.e. Substitute core needs at least 10 times number of turns on Specified core.
 # < means that the figure is < 10 i.e. Substitute core needs less than 1/10th number of turns on Specified core.
 # No figures are shown in these two situations because substitution is probably not practical.
 # The dimensions given are outer diameter x inner diameter x height, all in mm.
 # Philips ferrite cores are shown only as Substitutes because I have not seen them specified in circuits.
 # Ferrite is NOT recommended for tuned circuits mainly because of poor temperature stability. Amidon iron powder mix #6 is very stable, with a temperature coefficient for inductance of about 1/300th of that for ferrite mix #43 !

Example: Neosid 4327R/3/F25 choke SPECIFIED with 12 turns. Use Philips 14 mm 4322-020-97180 SUBSTITUTE. Wind 12 x (109/100) = 13 turns